## Making Seasonal Forecast Example

DISCLAIMER: This example is only for use in training. The opinions in this example are should not be regarded as official forecast of JMA.

#### **UESAWA** Daisaku

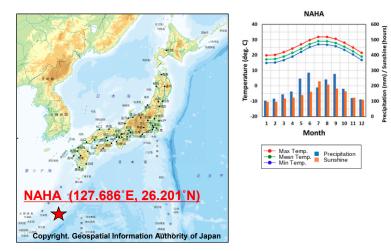
Senior Forecaster Japan Meteorological Agency

TCC Training Seminar on Seasonal Forecast, 29 January-2 February 2024, JMA, Tokyo, Japan

#### Example

### <u>Setting</u>

- Initial date: Jan 2024
- Target period: FMA 2024
- Target forecast: 3-category probabilities of Temperature and Precipitation
- Target point: NAHA, Okinawa, Japan
- Forecaster: UESAWA Daisaku



NAHA is located in Okinawa Island, which has a subtropical oceanic climate.

### Workflow

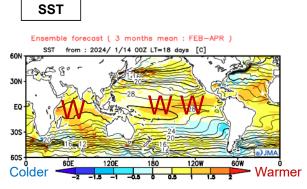
#### 1. Check global circulation prediction by CPS3

- 1 Tropical ocean, particularly ENSO
- 2 Tropical circulation, particularly as response to ENSO
- ③ Extra-tropical circulation (if necessary)
- · Be sure to check prediction skills

#### 2. Check guidance output

- Be sure to check prediction skills
- 3. <u>Synthesize model and guidance output to decide forecast</u>
  Think about how to explain forecast
- 4. Issue forecast

## Tropical ocean prediction



https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/map/ 4mE/map1/zpcmap.php

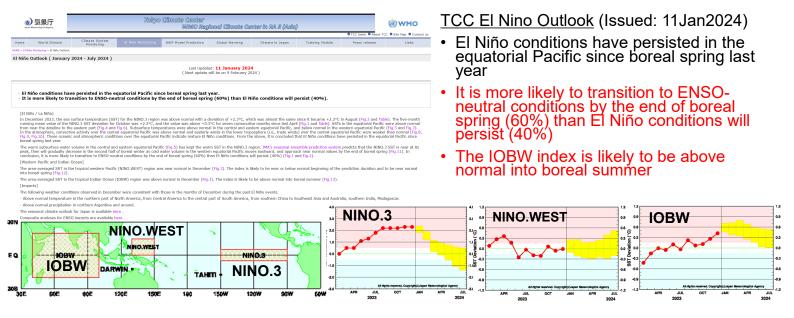
#### Equatorial Pacific

- In transition from El Niño to ENSO neutral (adopted from TCC El Niño Outlook)
- · Central and Eastern part: Positive anomaly
- Western Pacific: near Normal
- Influence of El Niño remains
- Tropical Indian Ocean
  - · Positive anomaly all over the area
    - Basin-wide warming (positive IOBW) as delayed response to El Niño
  - Western part > Eastern part
     Influence of positive IOD remains
- Decaying phase of El Niño

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Example

### TCC El Nino Outlook as a reference

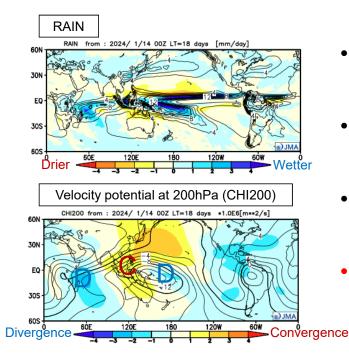


https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/elnino/outlook.html

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Example

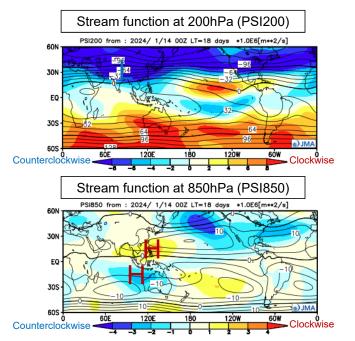
## Tropical convection prediction



- Western Indian Ocean
  - Enhanced convection anomaly (Divergence anomaly at upper level)
- Western Pacific (Maritime Continent)
  - Suppressed convection anomaly (Convergence anomaly at upper level)
- Central Pacific (near DL)
  - Enhanced convection anomaly (Divergence anomaly at upper level)
- These convective activity anomalies correspond to SST anomalies

https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/map/4mE/map1/zpcmap.php

### Tropical circulation prediction



- Upper level circulation
  - Cyclonic anomalies zonally in midlatitude in both hemispheres; corresponds to southward shift of subtropical jets as response to El Niño
  - Cyclonic circulation anomaly from northern India to southern China (stamped 'L')
- Lower level circulation
  - Anti-cyclonic anomaly around the Philippines (stamped 'H')
  - Corresponds to suppressed convection anomaly over the Maritime Continent

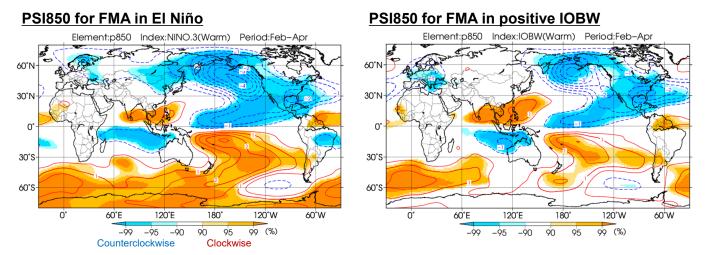
https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/map/4mE/map1/zpcmap.php

Example

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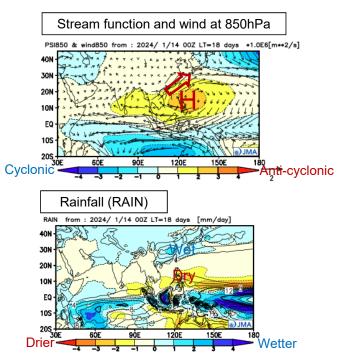
## Statistics as a reference

Statistically significant anti-cyclonic anomaly at lower-level around the Philippines both in the phase of El Niño and in the positive phase of IOBW on February-March-April



3-month mean composite of 850-hPa stream function anomalies (TCC website) https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/clisys/enso\_statistics/index.html

## Tropical circulation prediction (Asia)



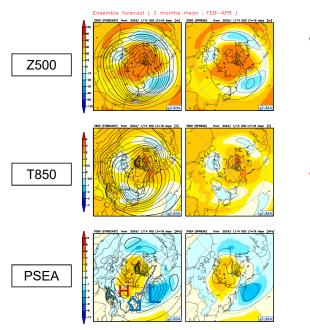
- Southwesterly wind anomalies around the East China Sea, accompanied with anti-cyclonic anomaly at lower level around the Philippines (stamped 'H')
- Wetter-than normal (more precipitation than normal) condition around the East China Sea, brought by southwesterly anomalies (advection of humid air)

https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/map/4mE/map1/zpcmap.php

Example

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## Extra-tropical circulation prediction

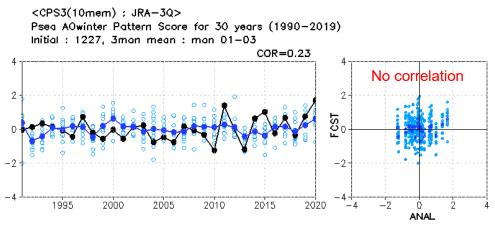


- East Asian Winter Monsoon: weaker than normal
  - Aleutian Low: stronger than normal
  - Siberian High: weaker than normal
- Negative phase of Arctic Oscillation (AO)
  - · Arctic region: Positive anomaly
  - Mid-latitude: Annularly Negative anomaly
  - · Predictability of AO is not high

https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/map/4mE/map1/pztmap.php

### Check predictability of Arctic Oscillation

#### Predictability of AO index is not high



From 30-year (1991-2020) hindcast (retrospective forecast) verification of CPS3

Example

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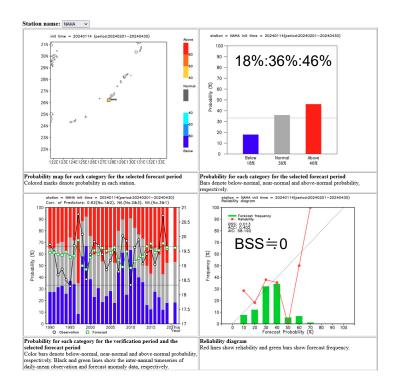
### Workflow

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#### 2. <u>Check guidance output</u>

- Be sure to check prediction skills
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  Think about how to explain forecast
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### Check Guidance output (Temperature)

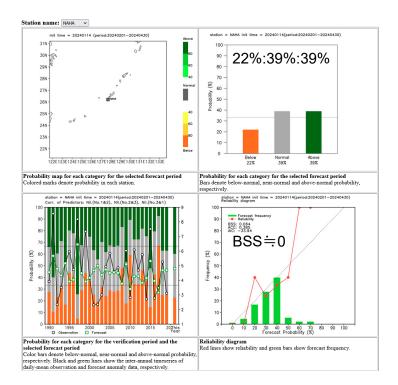


- T850 and V850 (meridional wind at 850hPa) as predictors
  - Meridional wind thought to be an additional factor that determines temperature of NAHA (advection of hot air)
- Above-normal temperature
- No skill compared to climatology

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Example

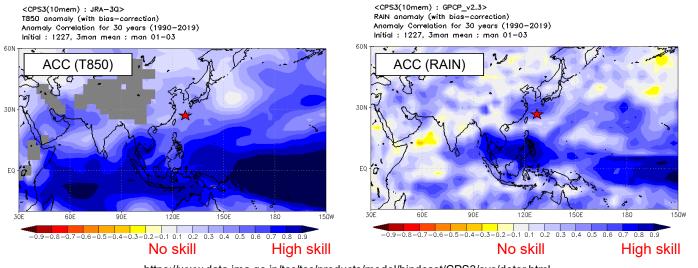
## Check Guidance output (Precipitation)



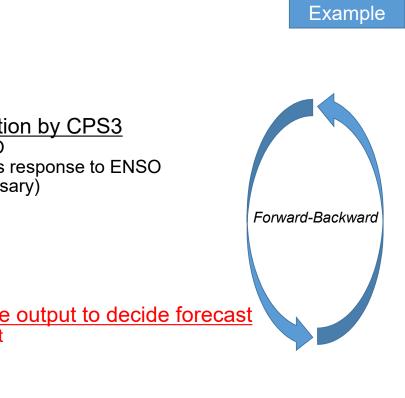
- RAIN as a predictor
- Above- or near-normal precipitation
- No skill compared to climatology

## Prediction skills of predictors

#### Particularly for extra-tropics, predictability of guidance predictors is not high



https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/hindcast/CPS3/svs/deter.html

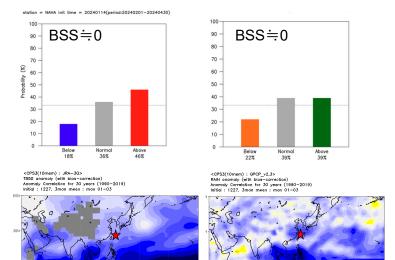


### Workflow

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### Synthesize all data available 1/3



60E 90E 120E 150E 180

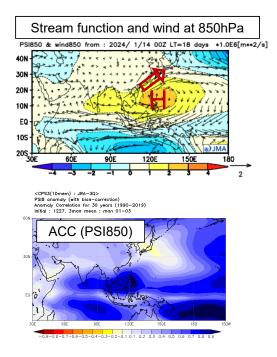
Guidance forecast

- Above-normal temperature
- Above- or near-normal precipitation
- No skill compared to climatology (33%:33%:33%)

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Example

### Synthesize all data available 2/3

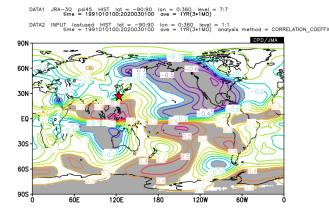


#### [Interpretation]

- Southwesterly wind anomaly by anticyclonic circulation anomaly around the Philippines can cause hotter and wetter condition around NAHA
- Probably the anti-cyclonic circulation anomaly is a response to El Niño, so it's prediction skill is high.
- Though guidance forecast has no skill, it can be reliable because influence of El Niño will remain during FMA 2024 with high confidence

*This interpretation is just an example. There may be a better interpretation.* 

### Synthesize all data available 3/3



Correlation coefficient map of PSI850 with NAHA's rainfall for FMA 1991-2020. Created by using iTacs.

- NAHA's rainfall correlates well with PSI850 around Philippines
  - Positive rainfall anomaly at NAHA corresponds to positive PSI850 anomaly (i.e. anticyclonic circulation anomaly) around the Philippines and vice versa
- Guidance forecast is consistent with this statistical relationship

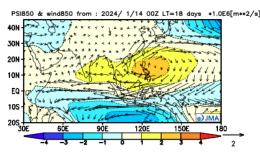
Statistical relationship is very useful for forecast interpretation (and predictor selection too). We can find various statistics on TCC website. Also we can analyze for ourselves using iTacs.

Example

### <u>Summary</u>

#### Key Chart

Forecast



- Anti-cyclonic anomaly is predicted around the Philippines as a response to El Niño
- The anti-cyclonic anomaly around the Philippines can be predicted well by CPS3
- Southwesterly wind anomaly by the anti-cyclonic anomaly around the Philippines will flow hot and humid air into NAHA
- Therefore, above-normal temperature and near- or above-normal precipitation forecast can be reliable, even though guidance tool has no skill
- Major change of guidance output is unnecessary

	Temperature			Precipitation		
	Below Normal	Near Normal	Above Normal	Below Normal	Near Normal	Above Normal
NAHA	20%	35%	45%	20%	40%	40%
(Guidance)	18%	36%	46%	22%	39%	39%

This explanation is just an example.

### Workflow

- 1. Check global circulation prediction by CPS3
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Example

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### Seasonal Outlook for FMA 2024 on NAHA

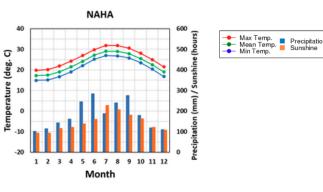
	Temperature			Precipitation		
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- In response to suppressed convective activities, an anti-cyclonic anomaly is expected to develop around the Philippines. Southwesterly wind anomalies will cause hotter and wetter condition around Okinawa Island.
- Consequently, above-normal temperature and above- or near-normal precipitation are expected for NAHA.

We can verify our forecast in May!

## Climate of Japan and NAHA Sample



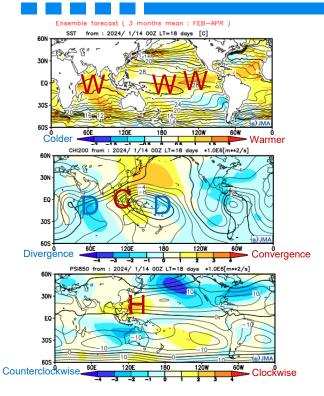


NAHA is located in Okinawa Island, which has a subtropical oceanic climate.

In winter, prevailing northwesterly winds cause the advection of cold air from Siberia to Japan and bring heavy snowfall to Japan's Sea of Japan side and sunny weather to its Pacific. Early summer is the rainy season, known as the Baiu, in Japan. In the second half of summer, the North Pacific High extends northwestward around Japan, bringing hot and sunny conditions to the country. Precipitation amounts are large in autumn due to the active rain front and tropical cyclones.

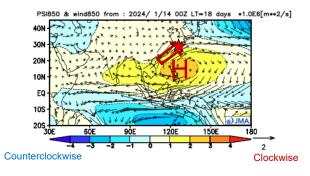
## Forecast for FMA 2024

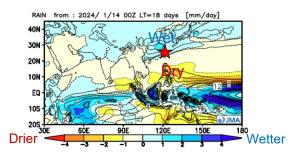




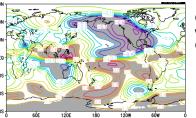
- It will be in transition from El Niño to ENSO neutral. The influence of El Niño and the positive IOD will remain in the equatorial Pacific and Indian Ocean.
- Corresponding to SST anomalies over the equatorial Pacific and Indian ocean, convective activities will be suppressed over the Maritime Continent.
- In response to suppressed convective activities, anti-cyclonic anomalies will be developed at lower level around the Philippines.

## Forecast for FMA 2024





- Due to the anti-cyclonic circulation anomalies around the Philippines, <u>southwesterly wind anomalies will bring</u> <u>hotter and wetter condition around</u> <u>Okinawa Island</u>.
- This is consistent with statistical relationship.

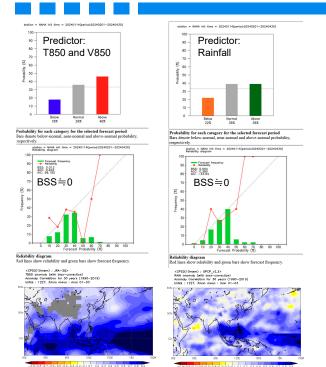


Correlation coefficient map of PSI850 with NAHA's rainfall for FMA 1991-2020. Created by using iTacs.

### Guidance forecast

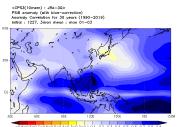


Sample



ACCs of predictors (T850 and precipitation)

- Guidance forecast has no skill.
- However, <u>hotter and wetter</u> <u>condition around Okinawa can be</u> <u>reliable</u> because it is caused by anticyclonic circulation around the Philippines, which is thought to be a response to El Niño and predicted with high accuracy.



ACC of PSI850 is very high around the Philippines

### Seasonal Outlook for FMA 2024 on NAI Sample

	Temperature			Precipitation		
	Below Normal	Near Normal	Above Normal	Below Normal	Near Normal	Above Normal
NAHA	20%	35%	45%	20%	40%	40%
(Guidance)	18%	36%	46%	22%	39%	39%

- In response to suppressed convective activities over the Maritime Continent, an anti-cyclonic anomalies is expected to develop around the Philippines. Southwesterly wind anomalies will cause hotter and wetter condition around Okinawa Island.
- Consequently, <u>above-normal temperature and above- or</u> <u>near-normal precipitation are expected for NAHA</u>.

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Example

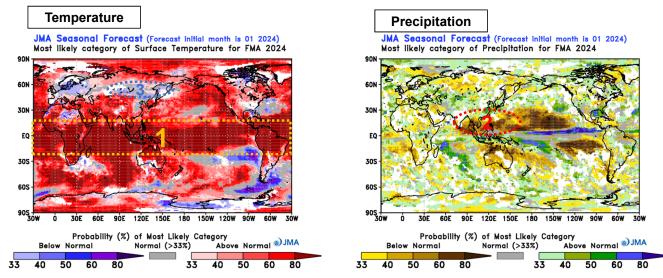
# Appendix

Significant features in the CPS3 predictions for FMA 2024 with examples of explanation

Maeda-san's lecture explains how we can interpret CPS3 prediction for FMA

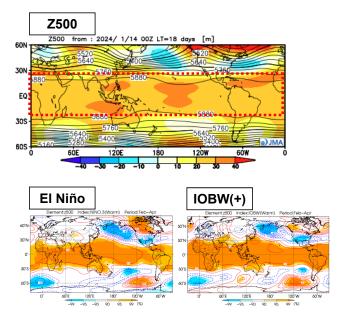
### Significant features in the CPS3 prediction for FMA 2024

- 1. Significant warming in the tropical belt
- 2. Drier condition from the northeastern Indian Ocean to the tropical western North Pacific
- 3. Colder than normal condition around Northeast Asia

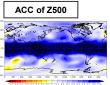


TCC probabilistic forecast on TCC website https://www.data.jma.go.jp/tcc/tcc/products/model/probfcst/3-mon/index.html

## Significant warming in the tropical belt



- Significant warming is predicted in the tropical belt
- Consistent with statistical characteristics of El Niño and positive IOBW
- Warmed tropical Pacific and Indian Ocean will increase atmospheric temperature and atmospheric warming may spread the tropics by equatorial waves
- Prediction skill is high

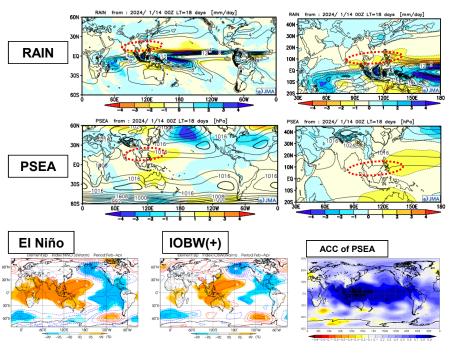


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Example

# Drier condition from the northeastern Indian Ocean to the tropical western North Pacific

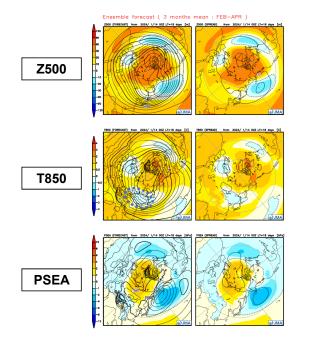


- Drier condition is predicted from the northeastern Indian Ocean to the tropical western North Pacific
- Those areas will be covered by higher sea level pressure
- Consistent with statistical characteristics of El Niño and positive IOBW
- Thought to be a response to convection anomaly over the Pacific and the Indian Ocean
- Prediction skill is high

Example

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Colder than normal condition around Northeast Asia



- Resembles to Negative phase of Arctic Oscillation (AO) pattern
  - · Arctic region: Positive anomaly
  - Mid-latitude: Annularly Negative anomaly
- Predictability of AO is not high
- On the other hand, a research shows that stratosphere and troposphere tend to couple deeply in FMA in the phase of El Niño. Current situation of stratosphere may lead negative phase of AO.
  - Takemura and Maeda, Influence of Enhanced Variability with Zonal Wavenumber 1 on Arctic Oscillation in Late Winter to Early Spring in El Niño Conditions, SOLA, 2016