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# **1 2023 Summer Temperature & Precipitation**

#### Temperature



## Precipitation





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## The change with altitude and wind around South Korea

#### 500hPa GPH anomaly & 850hPa wind anomaly



#### June-August



#### June-August 5880gpm line slightly expanded than normal

- June, July, August, All positive altitude anomaly in the east of Korea
- June-July, Southwesterly wind  $\rightarrow$  High temperature & Heavy rainfall
- August, Positive P-J pattern & Southeasterly wind  $\rightarrow$  High temperature



# 2 Main Characteristics of Temperature

## **Temperature characteristics by period**

5880gpm line & 850hPa wind anomaly (2023.6.21.~7.10.)



(late June-early July)
Edge of NPSH - Inflow of hot and humid wind

## Temperature characteristics by period

#### After Jangma - Early August

#### 200hPa GPH anomaly

200hPa GPH Mean anomaly by NCEP R1 with norm(1991~2020) [2023.07.27~2023.08.02]



#### 500hPa GPH anomaly

500hPa GPH Mean anomaly by NCEP R1 with norm(1991~2020) [2023.07.27~2023.08.02]



 NPSH expansion & Indirect effects of typhoon, Strengthening Downward Flows
Tibetan high expansion

Maximum high temperature with strong insolation

### **Temperature characteristics by period**



Late July - mid September positive P-J pattern

→ Development of Anticyclone

Continuation of high temperature pattern by inflow of warm and wet air



# **3** Main Characteristics of Precipitation

## Much rainfall during Jangma



## Much rainfall in Jangma 2023

#### Jangma season barometer pattern of South Korea(Synoptic Scale)



## Much rainfall during Jangma



► Late June, Cyclone develops in Central China → Moving east along the edge of mT

▶ Mid July, Development of stationary trough
→ Inflow of cold air by edge of mT & collision

Heavy rain

Cyclogenesis often at Meivu front

Very heavy rain

## Heavy rainfall during Jangma

SLP EOF analysis (2023.7.1.~7.31.)



## Typhoon



#### 200hPa wind anomaly (Aug. 2023)

00hPa WIND Mean anomaly by NCEP R1 with norm(1991-2020)



#### Unusual path of the typhoon

- NPSH developed east of Korea
  - $\rightarrow$  Typhoon moved northwest to Korea without converting

#### Easterly wind anomaly of upper air

- 200hPa easterly wind anomaly
  - → The conditions were that it wouldn't rain much, the rainfall in August was at the average level due to the typhoon.

6.1

7.1.

8.1.





## Summary

#### Summer temp. & precipitation in 2023

- ► Summer mean temperature: 24.7°C (+1.0 °C higher than normal)
- Summer precipitation: 1018.5mm (89.2%ile)

#### Inflow of hot and humid wind

Development of NPSH in the east of Korea & Positive P-J pattern▶ Inflow of southerly wind



Continuation of high temperature

#### Strengthen of stationary front & Impact of typhoon in August

(Early Jangma) Activation of cyclone by edge of NPSH (Mid-late Jangma) Strengthening stationary front between NPSH and cold trough

(Aug.) Typhoon "Khanun" passed through Korean peninsula

Much rainfall

# THANK YOU