

Seasonal Outlook of the East Asian Winter Monsoon 2013/14

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Structure of this presentation

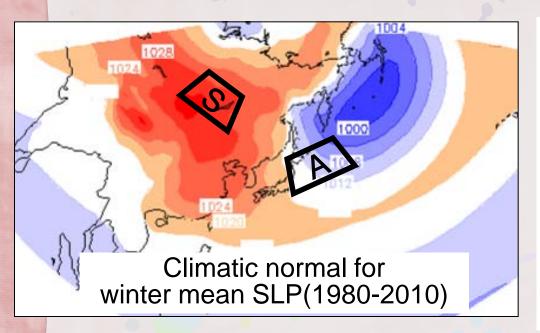
Part I Interannual variability of East Asian Winter Monsoon (EAWM - index)

Part II Current condition

Part III Numerical prediction

Part I Interannual variability of East Asian Winter Monsoon (EAWM)

Interannual variability of EAWM



Conveniently we define EAWM-Index as follows,

EAWM-Index = SLP(S) - SLP(A)

where

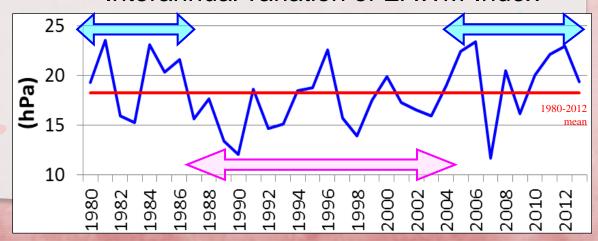
area S: 50-60N, 90-110E

area A: 35-45N, 140-160E

term

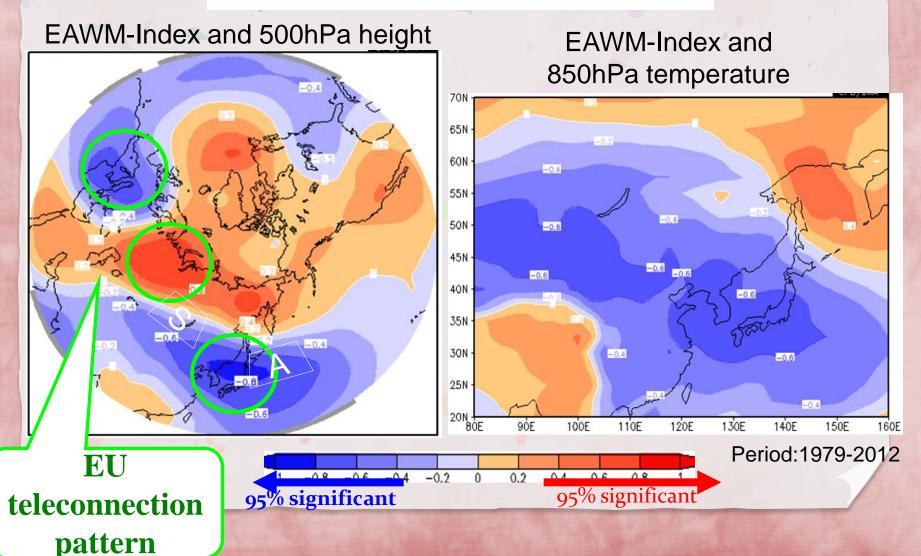
Dec.-Feb. mean

Interannual variation of EAWM-Index

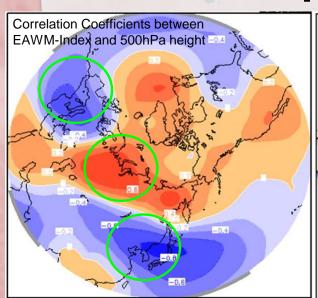


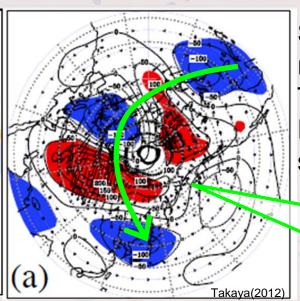
Relationship between EAWM and EU-pattern

correlation coefficients between ...



Relationship between EAWM and tropics

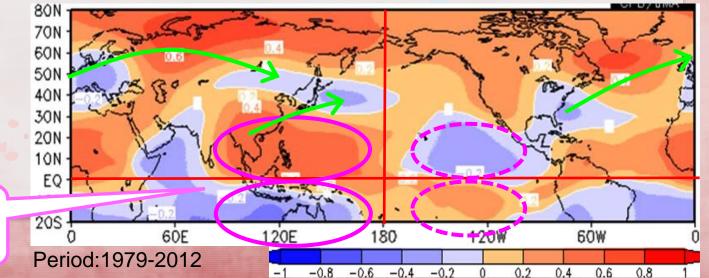




Similar result to the research by Takaya(2012). The source of wave train to EU pattern is located at southeastern North America

Propagation of stationary Rossby wave

correlation coefficients between EAWM-Index and 200hPa stream function



Matsuno-Gill Pattern



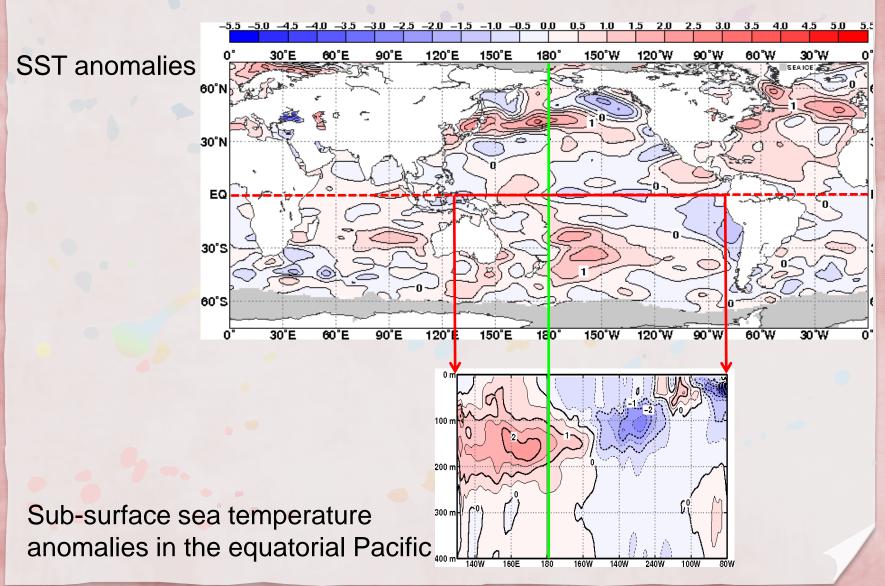
Summary of interannual variability of EAWM

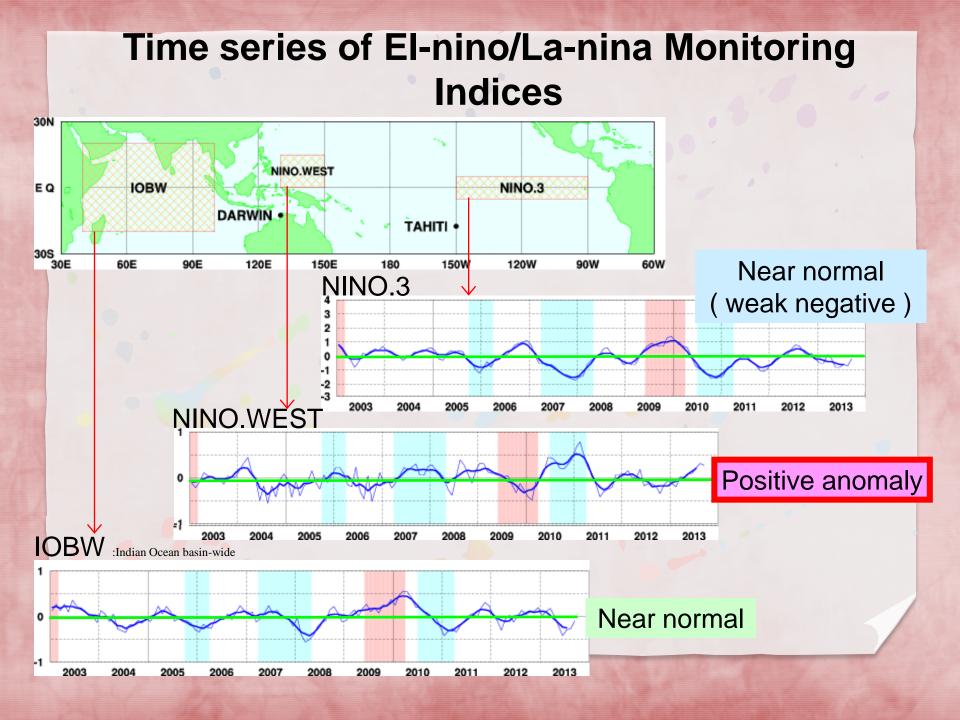
- There seems to be a decadal variation in interannual variability of East Asian Winter Monsoon.
- For recent years, the phase of decadal variation shows a strong EAWM.
- The interannual variability of EAWM relates to EU teleconnection pattern.
- The EU pattern is basically considered as an internal mode of atmosphere, but it is possible that the subtropical convection is concerned with the exciting of Rossy wave source.



Part II Current conditions

Oceanic conditions in Mid-October

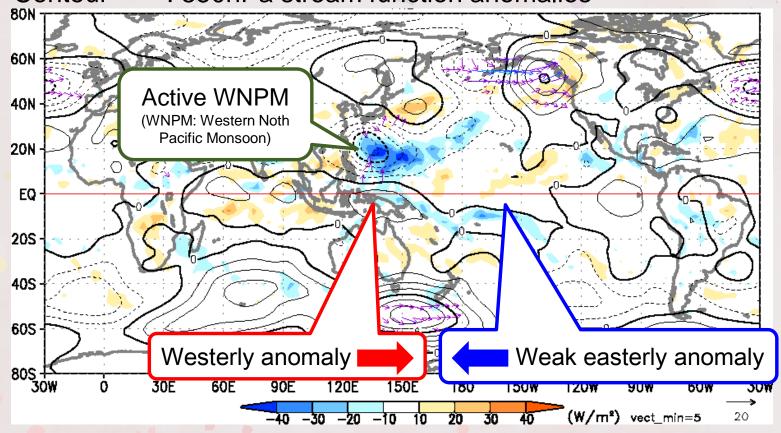




Atmospheric conditions in October

Color shade : OLR anomalies

Contour : 850hPa stream function anomalies

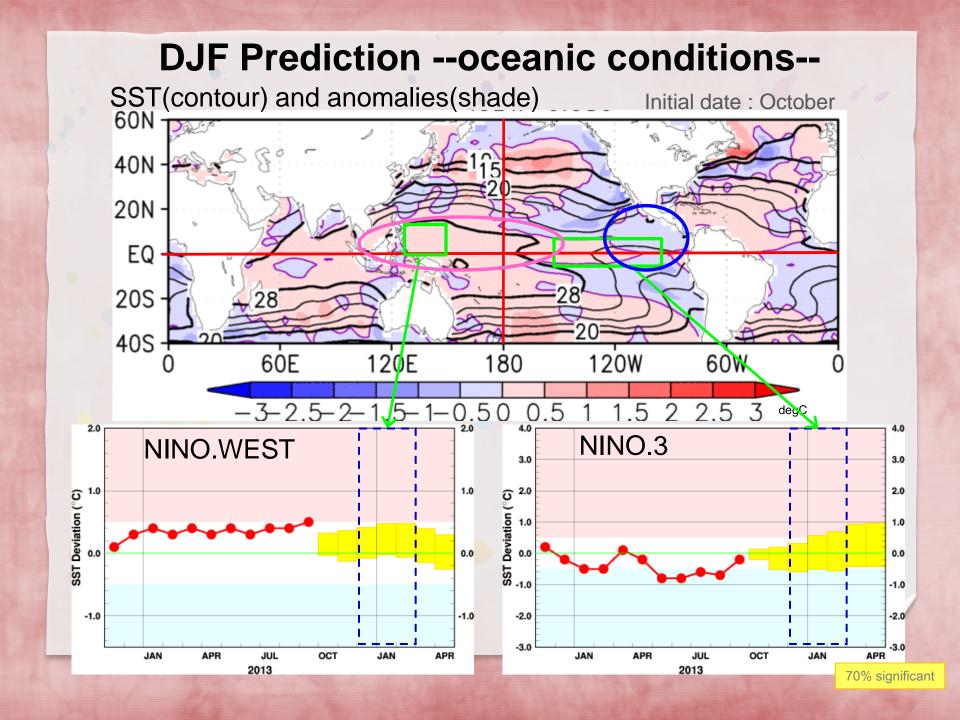


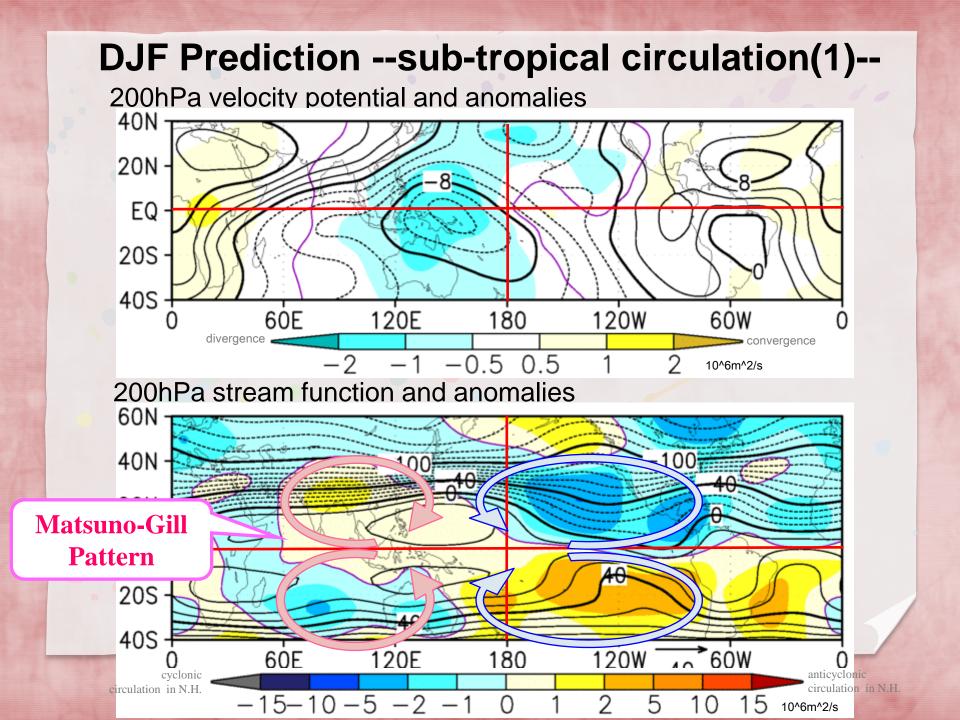


Summary of current conditions

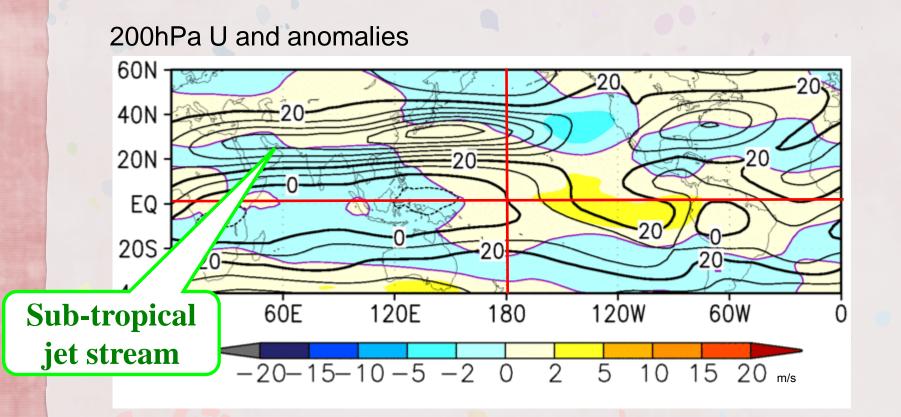
- SST and sub-surface sea temperature anomalies along the equator are positive in the western Pacific, and weak negative in the eastern Pacific.
- WNPM is active. Westerly anomalies are observed in the maritime continent, weak easterly anomalies are observed in the central Pacific.
- In conclusion, the ENSO-neutral continues.
- Meanwhile, NINO.WEST positive anomaly in the western Pacific is a remarkable point.

Part III Numerical prediction

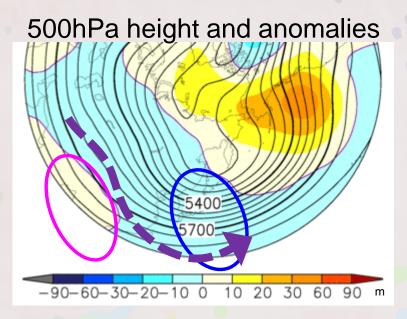


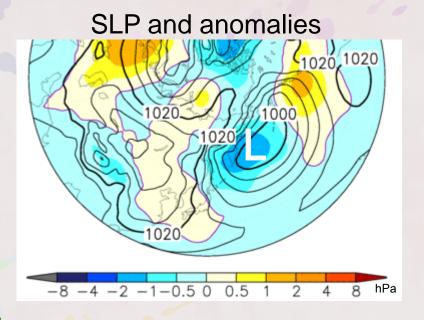


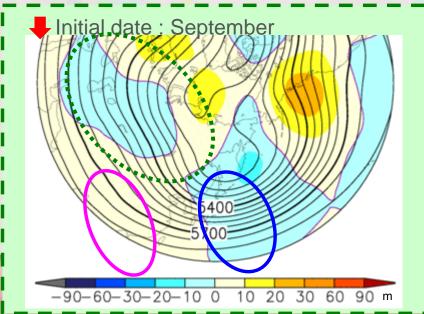
DJF Prediction -- sub-tropical circulation(2)--

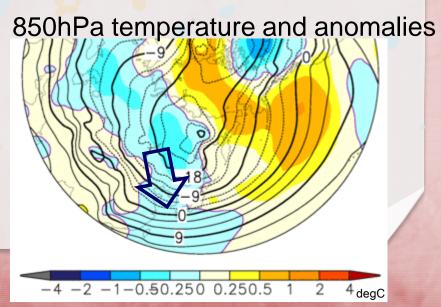


DJF Prediction -- East Asian circulation --





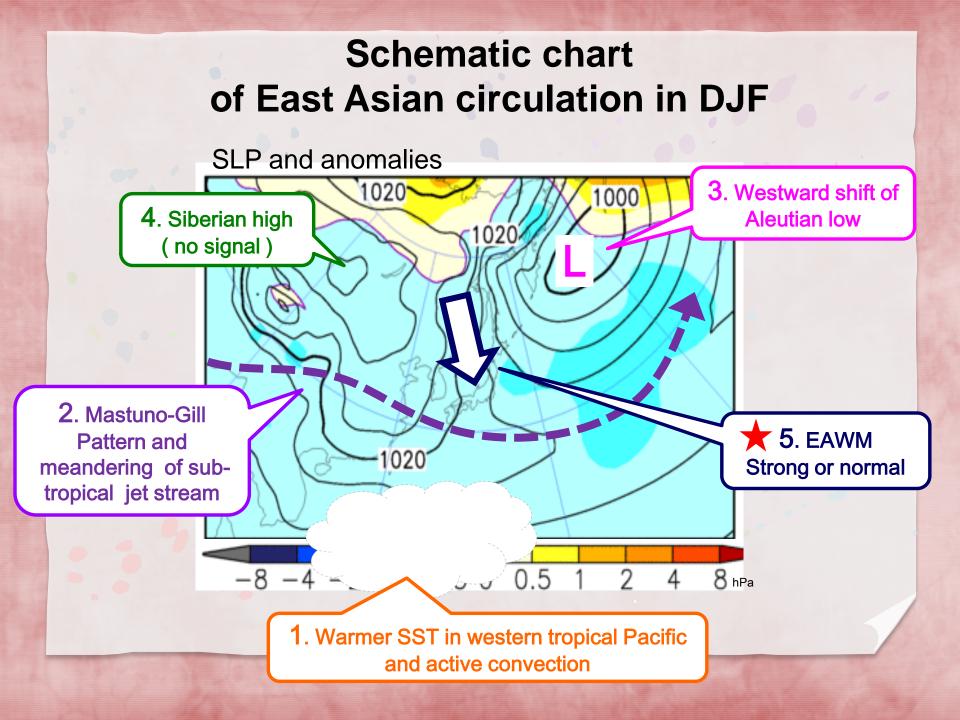


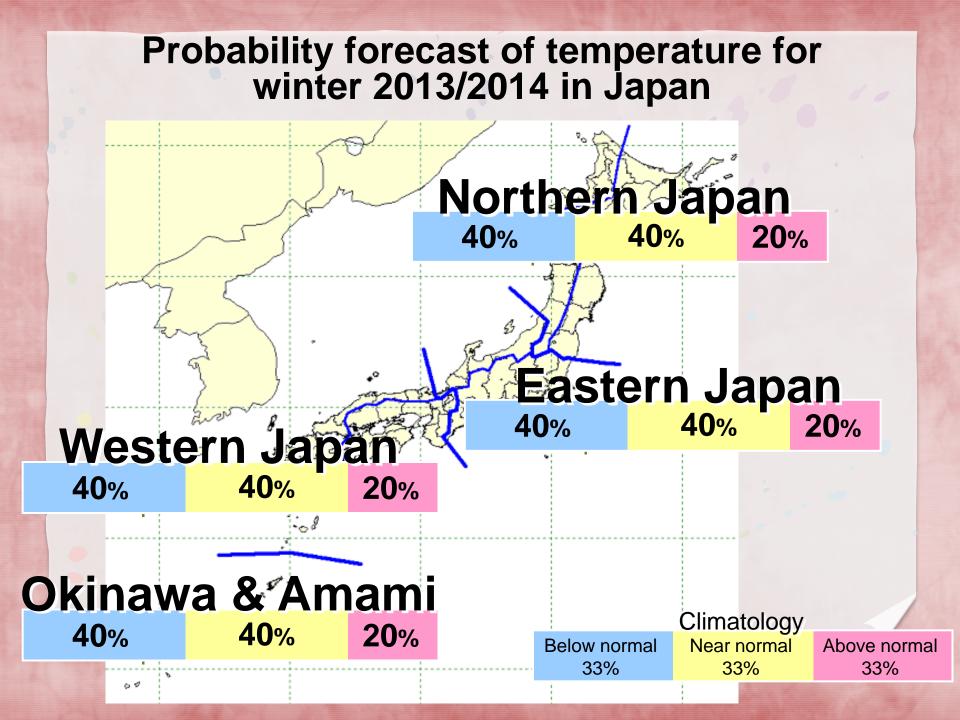




Summary of numerical prediction and its interpretation

- ENSO neutral condition will continue during this winter.
- The key point is the warmer SST in western tropical Pacific.
- The meandering sub-tropical jet will shift the Aleutian low westward.
- There is no apparent signal in terms of the Siberian high.
- As a result, East Asian Winter Monsoon is expected to be stronger than normal or near normal.





감사합니다 謝謝 Баярлалаа

Thank you

ありがとうございました